

	<b>Max</b>	<b>Actual</b>	<b>Comments</b>
<b>Functionality (points earned/lost based on running your program)</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>0</b>	
Where/What/When backup policies are appropriate, justified, and properly	6		Maxvers check and successful mount and umount
Backup files' creation is as efficient as possible.	8		For N backups getting created
Visibility policy: backup versions of files are not accessible by default. Can not be easily viewed, manipulated, or deleted	8		On ls, the files should not show in stdout. (4 pts) Should not allow to be opened by vim. ( 2 pts ) Should not allow rm to delete the version file. ( 2 pts )
Retention policy is reasonable and properly enforced	8		For Oldest backup to be removed on exceeding Nth Backup
Version management functions (5pts max for list, del, view, and restore)	20		All Functionalities 5 pts Each 1) List option for the versions available 2) Delete a particular version from the versions available 3) View a particular version and able to see its contents 4) Restore a previous content to be latest and then able to view it through opening by vim.
<b>Code, Compilation, Mounting, Module</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>	
Code compiles without any warnings	4		No warnings (-1 per warning )
Your code is written in good kernel style with comments.	5		No Comments - 0
File system mounts/unmounts smoothly with required options and checks for incorrect	2		mount and umount option ( 1 each )
User code supports all arguments, checks for invalid argument combinations, and	4		4 validation for bkpctl
Test scripts that exercise each feature of your bkpfs. Scripts should have ample	10		10 different test scripts - each 1 mark
<b>Reliability and Effectiveness</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>0</b>	
No (possible) deadlocks/races noticed, or other issues affecting system stability.	5		For Every other Error -2
No memory/reference leaks noticed	5		For Every Slab Error -2
<b>Documentation and Submission</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	
README (design doc) is clean and readable. Describes the design and reason it. No	15		Design Decisions - ( When , Where , How Backups are created )
<b>Extra Credit</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>0</b>	
Space-based retention policy	10		
Capture meta-data file changes	10		
wrapsfs bug fixes (optional)	10		
Grader's discretion for clever solutions, enhancements, test scripts, or other extras.	5		
<b>General Demerits (use negative numbers)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	
Followed GIT submission guidelines improperly.	0		
Submission on time: deduct 1 point for every late hour (time rounded up in units of	0		
Kernel does not crash. Each (different) kernel crash costs 3 point	0		
<b>Total Grade (out of 100)</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>Total Extra Credit (NOT counted as part of the total above)</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>0</b>	

- 1) Move a file into the mounted path  
 2) We edit it for N consecutive backups.  
 3) We test it for user program ioctls.  
 4) Create 2 more backups to see if oldest version is removed  
 5) Umount and Mount again with maxvers commandline param.  
 6) Check again for backups created

Note :  
 write\_data.sh which helps to write number of instances and bytes to write for each data  
 Check if the files are created by having a watch over the /test/higherpath and /test/lowerrpath